

# Trace Norm is Less than the Sum of Column (or Row) Lengths

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March 11, 2006

The trace norm,  $\|X\|_{\Sigma}$ , of a matrix is the sum of its singular values. It can also be defined as the dual to the spectral norm [1],

$$\|X\|_{\Sigma} = \max_{Y:\|Y\|\leq 1} \text{tr}(Y^T X), \quad (1)$$

where  $\|Y\|$  is the spectral norm (maximum singular value) and  $\text{tr}(\cdot)$  denotes the trace. Note that the maximum can always be achieved by a matrix  $Y$  with orthonormal rows or columns. Since  $\text{tr}(Y^T X) = \text{tr}(X^T Y)$ , it must be that the trace of a matrix is less than or equal to its column or row lengths,

$$\|X^T\|_{\Sigma} = \|X\|_{\Sigma} \leq \sum_i \sqrt{\sum_j X_{ij}^2}. \quad (2)$$

Using this result, we can use the singular value decomposition of a matrix to bound the contribution to the trace norm of a matrix update. Let  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  be a matrix with singular value decomposition  $X = U\Sigma V^T$ . Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times n}$  be a row vector. Let  $\bar{X} = \begin{bmatrix} X \\ x \end{bmatrix}$  be the updated matrix. Note that we can choose  $\bar{U}$  with unit columns and diagonal matrix  $\bar{\Sigma}$  so that  $\bar{X}V = \bar{U}\bar{\Sigma}$ . Since the trace norm is unitarily invariant,  $\|\bar{X}\|_{\Sigma} = \|\bar{U}\bar{\Sigma}\|_{\Sigma}$ . Applying the above result, we have that the trace norm of the updated matrix is less than the trace of  $\bar{\Sigma}$ ,

$$\|\bar{X}\|_{\Sigma} \leq \sum_i \bar{\Sigma}_{ii}. \quad (3)$$

## References

- [1] J. D. M. Rennie. The relation between the spectral and trace norms. <http://people.csail.mit.edu/jrennie/writing>, March 2006.