

How to Normalize a Kernel Matrix

Jason D. M. Rennie
jrennie@csail.mit.edu

January 16, 2005

Abstract

We describe how to normalize a kernel matrix.

Let $K \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ be a kernel matrix. K is normalized iff $K_{ii} = 1 \forall i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$. We presume that $K = XX^T$ for some $X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}$. Define X_i to be the i^{th} row of X . Note $K_{ii} = 1 \iff X_i X_i^T = 1$. Define \tilde{X} to be a row-normalized version of X . That is, $\tilde{X}_i = X_i / \sqrt{X_i X_i^T}$. Let $\tilde{K} = \tilde{X} \tilde{X}^T$. Note that $\tilde{K}_{ii} = 1 \forall i$.

Now, given an unnormalized kernel matrix, K , we would like to normalize it; i.e. we would like to construct \tilde{K} . Note that $\tilde{K}_{ij} = K_{ij} / \sqrt{K_{ii} K_{jj}}$. Define $\vec{k} = (1/\sqrt{K_{11}}, \dots, 1/\sqrt{K_{nn}})$. Then, $\tilde{K} = K * (\vec{k} \vec{k}^T)$, where $*$ denotes element-wise product.